FORUM: Human Right Council

QUESTION OF: Measures to Reduce Government Perpetrated Extrajudicial Killings in South Sudan

**MAIN SUBMITTER**: United States of America

**CO-SUBMITTER:** Thailand, United Kingdom, Austria, Republic of Korea, Myanmar, India, China, Russia, South Sudan, Iran

THE HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL,

*Affirming* that the Sudanese Civil War began in 1955, becoming the longest civil war in African history, with the Sudanese government defending the North and a unified separatist movement attempting to establish a separate state for the South,

*Observing* that the governments of Sudan and South Sudan indicate that more deaths have occurred in the South due to the 1991 Bor massacre and subsequent famine, which resulted in about 27000 deaths, than from attacks in the North,

*Declaring* that the governments of Sudan and South Sudan signed a comprehensive peace agreement in 2005 after 20 years of conflict, resulting in more than 2.5 million refugees,

*Aware* that in the September 2018, the warring parties signed the Reconstruction Agreement for the Resolution of the Conflict in South Sudan (R-ARCSS), paving the way for a reconstituted Transitional Government of National Unity (R-TGoNU),

*Contemplating* that resident Kiir dismissed his entire cabinet, including Vice President Riek Machar, in an alleged coup, and violence between government forces and soldiers loyal to Machar began in December 2013,

1. Expects organizations such as The African Commission on Human and Peoples’ Rights (ACHPR) and The United Nations Mission in South Sudan (UMISS) to further advertise the importance of reducing the extrajudicial killings in South Sudan internationally in ways, such as but not limited to:
	1. creating non-digital posters to constantly remind the citizens of the preservation of the justified system, about:
		1. appropriate way to maintain the accurate social justice belief and prevent confusion from the mistaken beliefs,
		2. rational explanation on unjustified actions by the government that only strengthens the governmental authority,
	2. advertising on social media especially aiming at citizens in more economically developed countries (MEDCs) through:
		1. Instagram,
		2. YouTube,
		3. Facebook,
		4. Twitter,
	3. informing on TV channels or Radio through:
		1. CNN (Cable News Network),
		2. NBC (National Broadcasting company),
		3. RCI (Radio Canada International);
2. Collaborates with the Commission on Human Rights (CoHR) to develop a legal system to provide better quality of judicial determination especially retaining the human rights of the parties through such ways but not limited to:
	1. allowing the parties to maintain 2nd or 3rd trial court if the parties suspect with the unjustified result,
	2. pursuing the integration and harmonization of the different legal structure of the judicial system on human rights of the parties;
3. Promoting the government of South Sudan to follow the previous resolutions that they displayed to sustain human rights through such ways but not limited to:
	1. giving penalty to the government of South Sudan by cooperating with the organizations if the government keep delaying the order in such ways but not limited to:
		1. increasing the taxation of the goods that South Sudan mostly exports to other countries such as China, Egypt and Saudi Arabia,
		2. giving a salary cut to those who were involved in progressing the previous resolutions for a certain period,
	2. supporting the government financially as long as the government agrees to make a progress on sustaining human rights, achieving the previous resolutions that they made such as the Hybrid court;
4. Requests organizations to strengthen South Sudan's justice system that occurs from a shortage of qualified lawyers, judges, and specialized police officers through such ways but not limited to:
	1. asking the following organizations to educate young generations into lawyer, judge, or police officer through providing professional trainers with the ability of education:
		1. Leadership in Police Organizations (LPO),
		2. International Bar Association (IBA),
		3. International Organization for Judicial Training (IOJT),
	2. recruit the professional workers, lawyers, judges, police officers, etc, who meets the corresponding standards from member states with support using mass media platform from UpWork in such ways but not limited to:
		1. actively utilizes the public media in both physical and virtual form for accessible advertisement,
		2. holds campaigns to hold events or meeting for the professional workers to gather and increase the possibility to gather more qualified workers,
	3. urge the authoritative NGOs or international authorities to form squad composed of qualified professional workers, lawyers, judges, police officers, etc, to send for South Sudan and other LEDC who lacks internet facilities and finance to educate their local jurisdiction power in such ways but not limited to:
		1. creates the squad composed of professional workforce who has the sufficient experience and authority that is evaluated by the third-party person from organizations,
		2. annually sends the squad members to the LEDC to advise the local jurisdiction tasks for better quality and improvement.