**FORUM:** Human Rights Council

**QUESTION OF** Promoting the enjoyment of Human Rights by Persons with Albinism

**MAIN SUBMITTER:** South Sudan

**CO-SUBMITTERS:** Myanmar, India, Republic of Korea, Syria, Russia, France, United Kingdom, Austria, United States of America, China

THE HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL,

*Having considered* albinism is considered to be a relatively common hereditary condition among the southern African populations by NCBI(National Center for Biotechnology Information).

*Realizing* that OCA1(Oculocutaneous albinism type 1) has a prevalence of approximately 1 per 40,000 in most populations but is very uncommon among African-Americans by NCBI(National Center for Biotechnology Information).

*Aware of* the establishment of IAAD(International Albinism Awareness Day) to encourage and celebrate unity among groups of persons with albinism, on June 13th, by the United Nations.

*Fully aware* that there are between 18,000 and 20,000 individuals with albinism in the United States.

*Recognizing* that NOAH(National Organization for Albinism and Hypopigmentation) is a national organization that has the purpose of helping persons with albinism, established in 1982.

*Taking note* people with albinism face more severe forms of discrimination and violence in those regions, where the majority of the general population are relatively dark-skinned, by the United Nations.

1. Urges member nations to make significant efforts to support people with albinism throughout all of society and to integrate this support into the growth of socialism spiritual culture, including but not limited to:

a. provide outlaws’ discrimination against persons with albinism to raise the right of albinism and ensures equal opportunity in the society such as:

         i. employment,

         ii. transportation,

         iii. services offered by the nation,

         iv. education law,

b. using normal or popular media to create a supportive social atmosphere for people with albinism and to encourage society to accept various types of useful and successful albinism support and services, such as:

         i. printed media,

         ii. public service advertisement,

         iii. social media;

2. Promotes the defense of fundamental rights for the albinism people which can improve their quality of life by developing their self-esteem, self-confidence, and ego in such ways but not limited to:

a. enable groups of people with albinism who can actively speak continue to try to be addressed through interviews:

         i. article,

         ii. televisions,

         iii. public advertisements,

b. lead the people with albinism to gain a better comprehension of the law, be more aware of their legal rights, and be more adept at using the legal system to protect their interests and rights such as but not limited to:

 i. education,

 ii. commission for the rights for the albinism,

 iii. public advertisement,

c. providing more educations to the politicians and public using the collaboration with NGOs and authoritative organizations to promote the better perspective to such people in such ways but not limited to:

i. allocating the appropriate hour for education to the public school,

ii. hold public campaign at the public area that can inform the accurate information,

iii. form local education institutions and provide education if the organization or individual request for;

3. Recommends firmly overcoming prejudice against albinism using a variety of methods, including public opinion, government policy, and legislation:

a. revealing typical instances of albinism prejudice, gaining the public's support through media criticism and discussion,

b. suggest individuals with albinism must continue receiving active legal services and assistance from courts, legal service providers, legal aid organizations, and lawyers:

         i. protect their rights first and foremost,

ii. reflect and assert their interests, rights, and demands as legal solutions,

iii. precede and seek to solve problems directly for albinos actively;

4. Welcomes member states and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) to raise international awareness on the issue of Albinism, through such ways but not limited to:

a. making advertisements about the issue of Albinism that you see online in such ways but not limited to:

      i. posters,

      ii. Billboards,

    iii. news articles,

b. spreading the awareness of issue with social media such as but not limited to:

       i. Facebook,

       ii. Instagram,

       iii. Twitter,

       iv. YouTube;

5. Suggests implementing albinism-related education programs to the public in wide age range with collaboration from educational institutions and mass-media in such ways but not limited to:

a. making education for pupils in both public and private schools in ways such as not limited to:

i. educational video,

ii. school newspaper,

iii. lectures,

 b. conducting education for adults in ways such as not limited to:

i. TV programs,

ii. social media platforms.