FORUM: ADVISORY PANEL

QUESTION OF: The Issue of Refugee in Syria

SUBMITTED BY: USA

CO-SUBMITTED BY: China, Egypt, France, Germany, Georgia, Iran, Italy, New Zealand, Spain, United Kingdom, Venezuela

THE ADVISORY PANEL,

*Realizing* according to United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) more than 12.4 million Syrians lack of food and more than 15.5 million Syrians lack of clean water, causing great number of Syrians to leave Syria,

*Acknowledging* according tothe Public Broadcasting Service (PBS), more than 14.6 million Syrian refugees require humanitarian assistance,

*Recognizing* according to United Nations High Commissioner (UNHCR), more than 6.9 million Syrian refugees are internally displaced inside Syria,

*Deeply aware* thataccording to OCHA, 9 out of 10 households of refugees are in debt, indicating most Syrian refugees does not have the ability to support living,

*Noting* according to UNHCR, 5.7 million Syrian refugees are currently living in neighboring nations,

*Alarmed* of the wickedsituation in Syria for Syrians trying to leave the country, causing the high death rate of refugees,

*Aware* according to the Ohio State University (OSU), most healthcare institutions are in an inoperable state and most infrastructure is in bad status causing most Syrian refugees not to have medical support,

*Realizing* the fact of military conflicts and infectious disease epidemics caused the rapid increase of death rate of Syrian refugees,

*Deeply aware* of the danger of the diseases spreading between Syrian refugees and its threat to human security,

Main Submitter: China

1. Requests the Syrian government and the government of other countries that accepted refugees to control the spread of deadly diseases to decrease the death rate of refugees in such ways but not limited to:
	1. Track the people that are spreading diseases and where they went before through:
		1. Detecting the people that had interacted with the people that had gotten these deadly diseases,
		2. Warning people about the places that might have diseases,
		3. Controlling the people that had the diseases from keep spreading it,
		4. Providing medical support to people that had been infected to cure the disease,
	2. Warn people about the deadly diseases, with such information but not limited to:
		1. The danger of the diseases,
		2. The ways that diseases spread,
		3. The symptoms of the diseases,
		4. The ways to prevent diseases,
	3. Provide opportunities to use medical services for the refugees, in such ways but not limited to:
		1. Providing medicine and drugs to refugees,
		2. Installing free small hospitals for refugees,
		3. Providing financial support for those who are diagnosed diseases;

Main Submitter: China

1. Encourages Syria government to build survival infrastructures, provide shelters, and teach people how to survive urgent situations for Syrians to help Syrian people survive the wars and leave Syria safely, in such ways but not limited to:
	1. Importing and providing materials needed for creating new infrastructures,
	2. Recruiting more people to work on building infrastructure, so they can build shelter and circulate the market at the same time,
	3. Teaching Syrians about how to survive from wars and how to build basic infrastructures, in such ways but not limited to:
		1. Posting information online, in website and social media platforms，
		2. Hire some verified survival specialists to make a curriculum for children’s basic knowledge,
		3. Holding free lectures to teaching people how to survive from wars;

Main Submitter: USA

1. Strongly encourages raising funds from the UNHCR for Refugees and other humanitarian NGOs for the Syrian government, in such ways but not limited to:
	1. Raising funds from the members of United Nations (UN), about 3% of total tax from the citizens minimum,
	2. Punishing Syrian government if the fund is not used appropriately and used in a different way as it was planned (economic sanction toward the Syrian government),
		1. Decrease 10% of funds from the UN members each time for Syrian government gets caught using those funds inappropriately,
		2. Increase the punishment if Syria government repeat the misusage of fund, such as the retreat of US army from Syria, abandoning Syria from the United Nations, or cutting all financial supports of Syria,
	3. Request Syria to annually make the annual report of fund usage,
		1. Send UN employees to assess the authenticity of the reports,
		2. Restrict the use of funds only to the necessaries such as basic food, clothing, and shelter;

Main Submitter: USA

1. Highly recommends the Syrian Government to provide information to foreign countries about the Syrian civil war to receive some help and funding from foreign individuals or NGOs, in such ways but not limited to:
	1. Advertising the current situation of Syria and how to help them to the citizens of relatively developed countries in such methods but not limited to:
		1. Placing advertisements in Social Network Service platforms that are used globally, such as Instagram, Youtube, and Facebook,
		2. Placing short advertisements in television channels,
		3. Making physical advertisement, such as posters and campaigns,
		4. Holding lectures about the current situation in Syria
	2. Holding a competition for making advertisements used for the previous sub-clause, in order to make an effective advertisement;

Main Submitter: Georgia

1. Calls upon the United Nations to create campaigns to encourage neighboring countries that are willing to accept refugees that fled from Syria, in such ways but not limited to:
	1. Compensating those countries that wills to accept refugees in financial and physical ways, in such ways but not limited to:
		1. Receiving funds from NGOs and individuals to provide countries that accept refugees certain amount of money according to the number of refugees that they accept,
		2. Making a website and announcing the statistics about number of refugees the countries accepted, giving the countries good impression and reputation, gathering attention of other people,
	2. Advertising the advantages that accepting refugees can give (increasing population, stimulating economics) to the people,
	3. Sending volunteers to those countries to help the refugees to settle and receive enough education to live in the country, and the volunteers can get compensated, such ways but not limited to:
		1. Certificates that prove volunteering,
		2. Financial supports,
		3. Basic living conditions (food and home);

Main Submitter: Georgia

1. Endorses the Syrian Government and Education Bureau to get fund to create new or change curriculum, to help current refugees, in neighboring countries including information about Syrian refugees and how to help them since current curriculum doesn’t include important information about the Syrian crisis in such ways but not limited to:
	1. Find experts for a curriculum about refugees for children and this curriculum should include:
		1. The situation that the refugees are in,
		2. Give the correct concepts about refugees to children, should be neither good nor bad,
		3. How to help refugees,
		4. Social emotional education, like how to be friends with refugees
	2. Place verified educators with certain degrees from the government to the schools and let them teach the curriculum stated above at least once a week,
	3. Request funds from NGOs and the United Nations, such as but not limited to:
		1. UNHCR (United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees),
		2. UNOCHA (United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs),
		3. Other humanitarian NGOs willing to help the refugees.